MEMORANDUM
AND
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
AHLADA ENGINEERS LIMITED



प्रारुप आई आर Form I [See Regulation 16(1)] निगमन का प्रमाण - पत्र

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

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भे एतदुद्वारा प्रमाणित करता हूं कि अ			
कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 के आधीन निगमित	की गई है यह कम्पनी परिसीमित		
AHLA I hereby certify that	DA ENGINEERS PR	IVATE LIMIT	50
is this day incorporated under the Comp	panies Act, 1956 * (and tha	t the Company is lim	led.)
मेरे हस्ताक्षर से आज ता		को दिया गया।	
	HYDERABAD		ENVIA
Given under my hand at AUGUST	FIVE	this	
day of the tenth shavana,	N gay sakay		
CIN — U24237AP2005PT	C47102	8 Alo Qu	

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TO BE OMITED IN

UNLIMITED COMPANY

(P.ATCHUTA RAMAIAH कम्पनियों का रजिस्ट्रार st. Registrar of Companies

Registrar of Companies
Andhra Pradesh
Hyderabad.



Corporate Identity Number:	
IN THE MATTER OF	
	Registrar of Companies
Mailing Address as per record available in Registrar of Companies office:	

INCORPORATED UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956

(1 OF 1956)

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

AHLADA ENGINEERS LIMITED

- I. The name of the Company is AHLADA ENGINEERS LIMITED.
- II. The Registered Office of the Company will be situated in the state of Andhra Pradesh.
- **III.** The objects for which the Company is established are:

A) THE MAIN OBJECTS TO BE PURSUED BY THE COMPANY ON ITS INCORPORATION ARE:

- 1. To carry on the business of providing various kinds of machinery items and equipments either manufactured or procured that are used in differed kinds of industries including Bulk drugs, chemical, pharmaceutical, processing, food and beverage and all other allied industries.
- 2. To carry on the business of manufacturing equipment, machinery items and foundry items that are used in Non conventional energy industries including machinery used in the production of energy from solid waste material.
- 3. To carry on the business of Engineers, consultants and contractors in setting up all types of plants for Production of Pharmaceutical, Medical industries, and also to undertake research and development Programmes in the field of electronics and other allied field and to construct, lay down, establish, fix, erect, and maintain generators, machinery, electrical equipment and cables, wires, lines, accumulators, lamps, fittings and apparatus in the capacity of principals, contractors or otherwise general fabrication and casting works.

B) MATTERS WHICH ARE NECESSARY FOR FURTHERANCE OF THE OBJECTS SPECIFIED IN CLAUSE III (A) ARE:

1. To carry on the research and developmental activities in the areas of the main objects stated above and to acquire the designing or technical knowhow on technologies and applications related to the main objects mentioned above.

- 2. To acquire by purchase, lease, license, mortgage, exchange, rent, hire, or otherwise, and to own, hold, exploit, use, develop, operate, sell, assign, lease, transfer, convey, exchange, mortgage, create security interests in, take options over, pledge, or otherwise dispose of or rights or privileges of any kind over or in respect of any property for the purpose of business of the Company, and to construct, decorate, develop, furnish, maintain, manage, operate, lease, rebuild, enlarge, alter or improve any building or other structure, now or hereafter erected on any such property, including setting yup offices, flats, houses, factories, shops, libraries, databases, and other research, development, production, designing, mixing, marketing, testing and training facilities for the business of the Company.
- 3. To grant to other persons or companies or firms the right, lease, sub-lease, license, sub-license or privilege to carry on any kind of business on the property of the Company on such terms as the Company deems expedient or proper.
- 4. To apply for, register, purchase, or by any other means acquire and protect, prolong and renew, whether in India or abroad any patent, patent right, license, secret process, trade mark, deign, copyright, protection or concession and to disclaim, alter, modify, use and turn to account and to manufacture under or grant license or privilege in respect of the same, and to expend money in experimenting upon, testing and improving any of the aforesaid rights which the Company may acquire or propose to acquire.
- 5. To acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business, goodwill or assets of any person, firm or company and as part of the consideration for such acquire an interest in, amalgamate with, or enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits, or for cooperation, or joint venture or mutual assistance with any such person, firm or company, or for subsidizing or otherwise assisting any such person, firm or company, and to give or accept, by way of consideration for any of the acts or things aforesaid or property acquire, any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities that may be agreed upon, and to hold and retain or sell, mortgage and deal with any shares, debentures stock or securities so received.
- 6. To establish, promote and/or make investments in ventures, companies, firms and other entities.
- 7. To improve, manage, construct, repair, develop, exchange, let on lease, otherwise mortgage, charge, sell, dispose off, turn to account, grant license, option, right or privileges in respect of, or otherwise deal with, all or any part of the property and rights of the Company.
- 8. To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company in such manner as may, from time to time, is determined and to hold otherwise deal with any investments made.
- 9. To subscribe for, take, purchase, or otherwise acquire and hold shares or other interest in or securities of, any other companies and to co-ordinate, finance and manage the businesses and operations of any company in which the company holds any such interest.

- 10. To subscribe for, purchase, or own and hold the securities of other companies, and to direct the operations of other companies, through the ownership of securities therein and to promote any other company for the purpose of acquiring the whole or any part of the business or property, undertaking or liabilities of the company, or of undertaking any business or operations which may appear likely to assist or benefit the company or to enhance the value of any property or business of the Company, and to place or guarantee the placing of, underwrite, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire all or any part of the shares or securities of any such company as aforesaid.
- 11. To lend and advance money or give credit on such terms as may seem expedient and with or without security to customers and others, to enter into guarantee, contracts of indemnity and surety ship, of all kinds, to receive money on deposit or loan and to secure or guarantee the payment of any sums of money or the performance of any obligation by any company, firm or person including any parent or subsidiary company provided that the Company shall not do any banking within the meaning of Banking Regulation Act, 1949.
- 12. Subject to the provision of the Companies Act, 2013, to borrow and raise money, other than public deposits, and to secure the repayment of any money borrowed, raised or owing by mortgage, charge, standard security, lien or other security upon the whole or any part of the company's property or assets (whether present of future), including its uncalled capital, and also by a similar mortgage, charge, standard security, lien or security to secure and guarantee the performance by the Company of any obligation or liability it may undertake or which may become binding on it.
- 13. To open bank accounts and to draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, negotiate execute and issue cheques, promissory notes, bills of lading, warrants, debentures and other negotiable or transferable instruments.
- 14. To apply for, promote and obtain any order or license of the concerned authority for enabling the Company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for effecting any modification of the company's constitution, or for any other purpose which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to promote the Company's interest, and to oppose any proceedings directly or indirectly likely to prejudice the Company's interest.
- 15. To adopt, carry out or give effect to any pre-incorporation or post incorporation agreements, or arrangements or any modifications and amendments thereto, arrived at between the Company's shareholders, promoters and/or any Government authority (Central, State, Municipal, Local or otherwise), company (whether incorporated in India or outside India), firm or person for promotion of the Company, provision of technical knowhow to the Company and or in respect of any matters concerning the affairs and business of the Company.

- 16. To enter into, make, perform, and carry out any contracts, agreements or arrangements of every sort and kind with any Government authority (central State Central, State, Municipal, Local or otherwise), company (whether incorporated in India or outside India), firm or person that may seem necessary or convenient or conducive for the business of the Company or to the attainment of the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such Government or authority any charters, decrees, rights, services, privileges or concessions which the Company may think desirable and to carry out, exercise, and comply with any such charters, decrees, rights, privileges and concessions.
- 17. To enter into any partnership, limited or general, as limited or general partners, or both, and to enter into any other arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, unitization or farm out agreement, reciprocal concession, or cooperation, with any corporation, association, partnership, syndicate, entity, person, or governmental, municipal, or public authority, domestic or foreign, in the carrying on of any business which the Company is authorized to carry on, or any business or transaction deemed necessary, convenient, or incidental to carrying out any of the purposes of the company.
- 18. To set up, establish, promote, start research and training institutes, centers, libraries, workshops and provide and assist in the provision of training, education, aid and advice and to publish and distribute material in respect of any matters connected with or incidental to the business of the Company.
- 19. To engage any person, firm or company rendering professional, consultancy or advisory services to the Company and to remunerate any such person, firm or Company as may be thought expedient.
- 20. To employ, retrench, lay-off, suspend, terminate the appointment of or dismiss executives, managers, assistants, support staff and other employees and other employees and to remunerate them at such rates as shall be thought fit.
- 21. To pay all or any expenses incurred in connection with the promotion, formation and incorporation of the Company.
- 22. To act for itself or others in the development, promotion, exploitation, and marketing of new devices and ideas with respect to any merchantable product and for that purpose to adopt such means of making known the products and activities of the Company as may seem expedient.

- 23. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, to support and subscribe to any charitable or public object and to support and subscribe to any institution, society or club which may be for the benefit of the Company or its Directors of employees, or which may be connected with any town or place where the Company carries on business: to give or award pensions, annuities, gratuities, and superannuation or other allowances or benefits or charitable aid and generally to provide advantages, facilities and services for any persons who are or have been directors of or who are or have been employed by or who are serving or have served the Company or its holding company or any company which is a subsidiary of the Company or the holding company or of the predecessors in business of the Company and to the wives, widows, children and other relatives and dependents of such Directors or employees: and to set up, establish, support and maintain profit sharing or share of the Company or of any such subsidiary or holding company and to lend money to any such director or employees or trustees on their behalf and to enable any such schemes to be established or maintained.
- 24. To create any depreciation fund, reserve fund, sinking fund, insurance fund or any special or other fund whether for depreciation or for repairing, improving, replacing, renewing, extending or maintaining any of the properties of the Company or for any other purpose whatsoever deemed beneficial to the Company.
- 25. To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the business or property of the Company, either or together in and to receive in return any form of consideration including shares, debentures or securities of any company purchasing the same.
- 26. To distribute, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, among the shareholders of the Company in kind or specie any property of the Company of whatever nature.
- 27. To become a member of and communicate with trade, industry and business associations, chambers of commerce and other mercantile and public bodies throughout India and, in other parts of the world and to promote measures for the advancement and protection of the trade, industry and business in which the Company may be engaged.
- 28. To provide consultancy, advisory, public relations, marketing, training, educational and other services relating to the Company's objects and to establish, operate, license training centers for the foregoing.
- 29. To guarantee the performance of any contract or obligation and the payment of money of or by any person or companies and generally to give guarantees and indemnities.
- 30. To enter into partnerships or any arrangements for sharing profits, amalgamation, union of interests, co-operation, joint venture, reciprocal concessions, or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or engages in, any business or transaction which this Company is authorized to carry on or to amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether different.

- IV. The liability of the members of the Company is limited.
- V. a) The Authorised Share Capital of the Company is Rs.15,00,00,000/- (Rupees Fifteen Crores Only) divided into 1,50,00,000 (One Crore Fifty Lakhs only) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- (Rupees ten only) each.

VI. We, the several persons, whose names and addresses are hereunder subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a company pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the company set opposite our respective names.

Sl.	Signature Name, Address,	No. of Equity	Name, address,
No.	description and occupation of	shares taken	description,
	subscribers	by each	occupation and
		subscriber	signature of witness
1	Sd/-	5100 (Five	Sd/-
	CH. SURESH MOHAN REDDY	thousand One	M.S. SHARMA
	S/O. CH,SAMBI REDDY	hundred Only)	S/o. M. Rajesham
	204, Datta sai Aprts, Vijayanagar Colony,		Advocate &
	Kukatpally, Hyderabad-500 072		Corporate Consultants
	DOB:10-08-1967		Flat No.104, KP
	OCCU : Business		Apartments
2	Sd/-	1700 (One	Chikkadpally
	K.RAJA SEKHAR REDDY	thousand	Hyderabad – 500 020
	S/O.SIVA REDDY	seven	
	Plot No.150, Janapriya west city,	hundred only)	
	Miyapur, Hyderabad-500 049		
	DOB:10-08-1968.		
	OCCU: Business		
3	Sd/-	1700 (One	
	N.SUKRUTA KUMAR	thousand	
	S/O.N.V. RAO	seven	
	20-3/12, Swaroopnagar, Uppal, RR Dist	hundred only)	
	Hyderabad-500 039		
	DOB:8-5-1948		
	OCCU: Business		
4	Sd/-	1500 (Fifteen	
	CH. SRIDEVI	hundred only)	
	W/O. CH. SURESH MOHAN REDDY		
	204, Datta sai Aprts, Vijayanagar Colony,		
	Kukatpally, Hyderabad-500 072		
	DOB:03-06-1974		
	OCCU: House wife		_
Tota	l No. of Equity shares taken	10000 (Ten	
		Thousand Only)	

Date: 08-08-2005 Place: Hyderabad

PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF AHLADA ENGINEERS LIMITED

Preliminary

The regulations contained in Table F in the First Schedule to the Companies Act, 2013 shall apply to the Company except so far as they are contrary to the following Articles, which shall be the regulations for the management of the Company. In the event of any conflict between these Articles and the Regulations in Table F, these Articles shall prevail.

Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these regulations shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these regulations become binding on the company.

1. INTERPRETATION CLAUSE:

The marginal notes hereto shall not affect the construction hereof. In these regulations, the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings unless excluded by the subject or context:-

- (a) "Act" or "The Act" means the Companies Act, 2013 or any statutory modification or reenactment thereof for the time being in force.
- (b) "Articles" means these Articles of Association or as altered from time to time.
- (c) "Beneficial owner" shall have the meaning assigned thereto by Clause (a) of sub-section (1) of Section 2 of the Depositories Act, 1996.
- (d) "Board of directors" or "board" means the collective body of the directors of the company;
- (e) "Company" or "this Company" shall mean "AHLADA ENGINEERS LIMITED".

- (f) "Depositories Act, 1996" shall include any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.
- (g) "Depository" shall mean a depository as defined in clause (e) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Depositories Act, 1996.
- (h) "Director" means a director appointed on the Board of the company.
- (i) "Dividend" includes any interim dividend.
- (j) "In writing" includes printing, lithography, typewriting and any other usual substitutes for writing.
- (k) "Member" in relation to the company, means—
 - (i) The subscriber to the memorandum of the company who shall be deemed to have agreed to become member of the company, and on its registration, shall be entered as member in its register of members;
 - (ii) Every other person who agrees in writing to become a member of the company and whose name is entered in the register of members of the company;
 - (iii) Every person holding shares of the company and whose name is entered as a beneficial owner in the records of a depository;
- (1) "Memorandum" means the memorandum of association of a company as originally framed or as altered from time to time in pursuance of any previous company law or of this Act.
- (m) "Month" shall mean an English Calendar Month.
- (n) "Paid-up share capital" means such aggregate amount of money credited as paid-up.
- (o) "Person" shall include any partnership, association, corporation, company as well as individuals.
- (p) "The Register" means Register of Members to be maintained by the Company as required under Section 88 of the Act and where shares are held in dematerialized form, includes the Register of beneficial owners maintained by a Depository.
- (q) "Registrar" means a Registrar, an Additional Registrar, a Joint Registrar, a Deputy Registrar or an Assistant Registrar, having the duty of registering companies and discharging various functions under this Act.
- (r) "Share" means a share in the share capital of a company and includes stock.
- (s) "Subscribed capital" means such part of the capital which is for the time being subscribed by the members of a company.
- (t) "Special Resolution" shall have the meaning assigned thereto by Section 114 of the Act.
- (u) "Seal" means the common seal of the Company.
- (v) "Whole-Time Director includes a director in the whole-time employment of the company.
- (w) Words importing the singular shall include the plural and words importing the plural shall include the singular.
- (x) Words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine gender and viceversa.

SHARE CAPITAL AND VARIATION OF RIGHTS

Capital:

- **2.**(i) The Authorised Share Capital of the Company be as laid in Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of the Company.
- (ii) Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles, the Company shall be entitled to dematerialize its equity shares, debentures and other marketable securities in accordance with the applicable law and/or regulations promulgated from time to time.
 - (iii) Every person subscribing to or holding securities of the Company shall have the option to receive the security certificates or to hold the securities in electronic form with a depository.
 - If a person opts to hold his security with a Depository, the Company shall intimate such Depositories, the details of allotment of the security in the manner provided by the Depositories Act and the Company shall, in the manner and within the time prescribed, issue to the beneficial owner the required Certificate(s) of Securities.
- (iv) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Act or these articles, a depository shall be deemed to be the registered owner for the purpose of effecting transfer of ownership of securities on behalf of the beneficial owner.
 - Save as otherwise provided above, the depository as the registered owner of the securities shall not have any rights or any other rights in respect of the securities held by it.
 - The beneficial owner of securities shall be entitled to all the rights and benefits and be subject to all the liabilities in respect of his securities which are held by a depository.
 - (v) Where the securities are held with a depository, the records of the transfer of securities in the name of the beneficial owner may be served by such depository on the Company by means of electronic mode or by delivery of discs.

Issue / Allotment of shares:

3. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 and the applicable Rules made thereunder, the Company / Board shall have power to issue / allot shares, whether on preferential basis or otherwise, from time to time and the shares shall be under the control of the Directors who may allot or otherwise dispose off the same to such persons, on such terms and conditions and at such times as the Directors think fit.

Power to issue shares with differential voting rights:

4. The Company shall have the power to issue shares with such differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise, subject to the compliance with the provisions of the Act, Rules made thereunder or any other law as may be applicable.

Power of company to purchase its own securities

5. The Company may purchase its own Equity Shares or other Securities, as may be specified by the Act, by way of a buy-back arrangement, in accordance with Sections 68, 69 and 70 of the Act, the Rules and subject to compliance with Law.

Share Certificate:

- **6.** (i) Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register of members shall be entitled to receive within two months after allotment or within one month after the application for the registration of transfer or transmission or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall be provided
 - a. One certificate for all his shares without payment of any charges; or
 - b. Several certificates, each for one or more of his shares, upon payment of such sum for each certificate after the first as may be decided by the Board.
 - (ii) Every certificate shall be under the seal and shall specify the shares to which it relates and the amount paid-up thereon.
- (iii) In respect of any share or shares held jointly by several persons, the company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate and delivery of a certificate for a share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.

Duplicate Certificate:

7. If any share certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space on the back for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the company, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof, and if any certificate is lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the company and on execution of such indemnity as the company deem adequate, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given. Every certificate under this Article shall be issued on payment of twenty rupees for each certificate.

Splitting and Consolidation:

8. Any person (whether the register holder of the shares or not) being in possession of any Share Certificate(s) for the time being may surrender the said Share Certificate to the Company and apply to the Company for the issue of two or more fresh share certificates comprising the same shares bearing the same distinctive numbers as were comprised in the said Certificates and in such separate lots as he may desire, in lieu of the such share certificates so surrendered, or for the consolidation of the shares comprised in such surrendered certificates into one certificate.

Issue of Certificates:

9. Every certificate of title to the share or shares shall be issued only in accordance with the provisions of Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 or any amendment thereof or any provision of law applicable thereto, for the time being in force.

Provided that notwithstanding what is stated above the Directors shall comply with such rules or regulations or requirements of any stock exchange or the rules made under the Act or rules made under the Securities Contract (Regulation) Act, 1956 or any other Act or rules applicable thereof in this behalf.

10. The provisions of Articles 6, 7, 8 and 9 shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to debentures of the company.

Trust not recognised:

11. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the company as holding any share upon any trust, and the company shall not be bound by, or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as by these regulations or by law otherwise provided) any other rights in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.

Power to pay commission:

- 12.(i) The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by subsection (6) of section 40, provided that the rate percent or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by that section and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) The rate or amount of the commission shall not exceed the rate or amount prescribed in rules made under sub-section (6) of section 40.
- (iii) The commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in the one way and partly in the other.
- (iv) The Company can also pay on any issue of shares or debentures, brokerage not exceeding such rate as may be prescribed.

Variation of rights:

- 13. (i) If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of section 48, and whether or not the company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of that class.
- (ii) To every such separate meeting, the provisions of these regulations relating to general meetings shall *mutatis mutandis* apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be at least two persons holding at least one-third of the issued shares of the class in question.
- (iii) The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking *paripassu* therewith.

Further issue of shares:

14. The Company shall be authorised to increase its subscribed capital by issue of further shares in accordance with the provisions of Section 42 and 62 of the Act, and the relevant Rules made thereunder.

Preference Shares:

- 15. The Company, subject to the applicable provisions of the Act and the consent of the Board, shall have power to issue on a cumulative or non-cumulative basis convertible and / or redeemable preference shares liable to be converted or redeemed in any manner permissible under the Act and the Directors may, subject to the applicable provisions of the Act, exercise such power as they deem fit and provide for redemption at a premium or otherwise and/or conversion of such shares into such Securities on such terms as they may deem fit.
- 15A. Upon the issue of preference shares the provisions of Section 55 of the Act shall apply. Further
 - i. the premium, if any, payable on redemption shall have been provided for out of the profits of the Company or out of the Company's securities premium account, before the shares are redeemed;
 - ii. the redemption of preference shares under this Article by the Company shall not be taken as reduction of Share Capital;
 - iii. Whenever the Company shall redeem any redeemable preference shares or cumulative convertible redeemable preference shares, the Company shall, within 30 (thirty) days thereafter, give notice thereof to the Registrar of Companies as required by Section 64 of the Act.

Liability of joint holders of shares:

16. The joint holders of a share or shares be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all installments and calls due in respect of such share or shares.

Issue of shares other than for cash:

17. The Directors may allot and issue shares in the capital of the Company as payment or part payment for any property sold or goods transferred or machinery or appliances supplied or for services rendered or to be rendered to the Company in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the acquisition and/or conduct of its business; and any shares which may be so allotted may be issued as fully paid-up shares, and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid-up shares provided that the said power vested in the directors by this article shall not be exercised except by the unanimous consent of all the Directors and in the absence of such unanimity, with the previous sanction of a special resolution passed at a general meeting of the Company.

Sweat equity:

18. The Company shall have power to issue sweat equity shares to its employees or directors for cash or against consideration (other than cash) for providing know-how or making available rights in the nature of intellectual property rights or value additions by whatever name called, subject to the provisions of Section 54 of the Act and any other related provisions as may be required for the time being in force.

Acceptance of shares:

19. An application signed by or on behalf of the applicant for shares in the Company, followed by an allotment of any shares therein, shall be acceptance of shares within the meeting of these articles and every person who thus or otherwise accepts any shares and whose name is in the register shall for the purpose of these Articles be a member.

Debentures:

20. Unless otherwise provided, the provisions of these Articles relating to Transfer and Transmission of shares, Share Certificate, Lien, Calls and Forfeiture shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to Debentures.

LIEN

Company's lien on shares:

- 21. (i) That fully paid shares shall be free from all lien and that in the case of partly paid shares the Issuer's lien shall be restricted to moneys called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such shares;
 - (ii) The company's lien, if any, on a share shall extend to all dividends payable and bonuses declared from time to time in respect of such shares.

Unless otherwise agreed the registration of transfer of shares shall operate as a waiver of the Company's lien if any on such shares.

As to enforcing lien by sale:

22. The company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the company has a lien:

Provided that no sale shall be made—

- (a) unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable; or
- (b) until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or insolvency.
- **23.** (i) To give effect to any such sale, the Board may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof.
 - (ii) The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer.
 - (iii) The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.

Application of proceeds of sale:

- **24.** (i) The proceeds of the sale shall be received by the company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable.
 - (ii) The residue, if any, shall, subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale, be paid to the person entitled to the shares, at the date of the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES

- **25.**(i) The Board may, from time to time, make calls upon the members in respect of any monies unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times:
 - **Provided** that no call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call.
 - (ii) Each member shall, subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment, pay to the company, at the time or times and place so specified, the amount called on his shares.
 - (iii) A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board.
 - (iv) A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorizing the call was passed and that option or right to call of shares shall not be given to any person except with the sanction of the Issuer in general meetings may be required to be paid by installments.

Liability of joint holders of share:

26. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.

Interest on calls:

- 27. (i) If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest thereon from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at ten percent per annum or at such lower rate, if any, as the Board may determine.
 - (ii) The Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of any such interest wholly or in part.

Sums payable at fixed times to be treated as calls:

- 28. (i) Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall, for the purposes of these regulations, be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue such sum becomes payable.
- (ii) In case of non-payment of such sum, all the relevant provisions of these regulations as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

Payment of call in advance:

29. The Board—

- (a) may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the monies uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him; and
- (b) upon all or any of the monies so advanced, may (until the same would, but for such advance, become presently payable) pay interest at such rate not exceeding, unless the company in general meeting shall otherwise direct, twelve percent per annum, as may be agreed upon between the Board and the member paying the sum in advance.
- (c) That any amount paid up in advance of calls on any share may carry interest but shall not in respect thereof confer a right to dividend or to participate in profits;

Partial payment not to preclude forfeiture:

30. Neither a judgment nor a decree in favour of the Company for call or other moneys due in respect of any share nor any part payment or satisfaction thereunder nor the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall from time be due from any member in respect of any share either by way of principal or interest nor any indulgence granted by the Company in respect of the payment of any such money shall preclude the Company from thereafter proceeding to enforce a forfeiture of such shares as hereinafter provided.

Person by whom installments are payable:

31. If by the conditions of allotment of any share, the whole or part of the amount or issue price thereof shall be payable by installments, every such installments shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the person who for the time being and from time to time shall be the registered holder of the share or his legal representative or representatives, if any.

Transfer of Shares:

- **32.**(i) The instrument of transfer of any share in the company shall be executed by or on behalf of both the transferor and transferee.
- (ii) The transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.

Board's right to refuse to register:

- 33. The Board may, subject to the right of appeal conferred by section 58 decline to register—
 - (a) the transfer of a share, not being a fully paid share, to a person of whom they do not approve; or
 - (b) any transfer of shares on which the company has a lien.

- 34. The Board may decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless—
 - (a) That a common form of transfer shall be used as prescribed in rules made under subsection (1) of section 56;
 - (b) The instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer; and
 - (c) The instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of shares.

Provided that where it is proved to the satisfaction of the Board that an instrument of transfer signed by the transferor and transferee has been lost or the instrument of transfer has not been delivered within the prescribed period, the Company may register the transfer on such terms as to indemnity as the Board may think fit.

- 35. On giving not less than seven days' previous notice in accordance with section 91 and rules made thereunder, the registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine:
 - Provided that such registration shall not be suspended for more than thirty days at any one time or for more than forty-five days in the aggregate in any year.
- **36.** (i) An application for the registration of the transfer of any share or shares may be made either by the transferor or the transferee, provided that where such application is made by the transferor, no registration shall in the case of partly paid shares be effected unless the Company gives notice of the application to the transferee.
 - (ii) The Company shall, unless objection is made by the transferee within two weeks from the date of receipt of the notice, enter in the register the name of the transferee in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as if the application for registration was made by the transferee.
 - (iii) That registration of transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person or persons indebted to the Issuer on any account whatsoever;
- 37. Nothing in Article 32, 33 and 34 shall prejudice any power of the Board to register as a shareholder any person to whom the right to any share has been transmitted by operation of law or to refuse to register the transfer of any shares to a transferee whether member or not.

Transfer fee:

38. No fee shall be charged by the Company for registration of transfer or transmission of shares or for registration on the death of any member or for registering any Letters of probate, Letters of Administration and similar documents or for issue of fresh share certificate in lieu of surrendered certificates for consolidation, splitting or otherwise.

Register of members:

39. The Company shall keep one or more books to be called the "Register of Members" and therein shall be entered the particulars of the shares required by the Act to be entered in such register.

Custody of transfer deeds:

40. The instrument of transfer shall, after registration, remain in the custody of the Company.

Transmission of shares:

- **41.** (i) On the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the member was a joint holder, and his nominee or nominees or legal representatives where he was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the company as having any title to his interest in the shares.
- (ii) Nothing in clause (i) shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other persons.

Rights and Liabilities of Legal representatives:

- **42**. (i) Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either—
 - (a) to be registered himself as holder of the share; or
 - (b) to make such transfer of the share as the deceased or insolvent member could have made.
- (ii) The Board shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as it would have had, if the deceased or insolvent member had transferred the share before his death or insolvency.

Notice of election by legal representatives:

- **43.** (i) If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered as holder of the share himself, he shall deliver or send to the company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects.
- (ii) If the person aforesaid shall elect to transfer the share, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of the share.
- (iii) All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these regulations relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or insolvency of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that member.

44. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or insolvency of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the company:

Provided that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the share, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

Company's right to register transfer by apparent legal owner:

45. The Company shall incur no liability or responsibility whatever in consequence of their registering or giving effect to any transfer of shares made or purporting to be made by any apparent legal owner thereof (as shown or appearing in the Register of Members) to the prejudice of persons having or claiming any equitable right, title or interest to or in the same shares notwithstanding that the Company may have had notice of such equitable right or referred thereto in any books of the Company and the Company shall not be bound by or required to regard or attend to or give effect to any notice which may be given to it of any such equitable right, title or interest or be under any liability whatsoever for refusing or neglecting so to do, though it may have been entered or referred to in the books of the Company; but the Company shall nevertheless be at liberty to have regard and to attend to any such notice and give effect thereto, if the Board shall think fit.

Forfeiture of shares

If call or installment not paid, notice may be given:

46. If a member fails to pay any call, or installment of a call, on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or installment remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or installment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued.

Forms of Notice:

- 47. The notice aforesaid shall—
 - (a) name a further day (not being earlier than the expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made; and
 - (b) state that, in the event of non-payment on or before the day so named, the shares in respect of which the call was made shall be liable to be forfeited.

If Notice not complied with shares may be forfeited:

48. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may, at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

Sale of forfeited shares:

- **49.** (i) A forfeited share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit.
- (ii) At any time before a sale or disposal as aforesaid, the Board may cancel the forfeiture on such terms as it thinks fit.

Liability after forfeiture:

- **50.** (i) A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, remain liable to pay to the company all monies which, at the date of forfeiture, were presently payable by him to the company in respect of the shares.
- (ii) The liability of such person shall cease if and when the company shall have received payment in full of all such monies in respect of the shares.

Declaration of forfeiture:

- 51. (i) A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a director, the manager or the secretary, of the company, and that a share in the company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share;
- (ii) The company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of;
- (iii) The transferee shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share; and
- (iv) The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.

Non-payment of sums payable at fixed times:

52. The provisions of these regulations as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

Surrender of shares:

53. The Board may accept in the name and for the benefit of the Company and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon, the surrender of any share liable to forfeiture and so far as the law permits of any other shares.

Set-off moneys due to shareholders:

54. Any money due from the Company to a shareholder may, without the consent of such shareholder, be applied by the Company in or towards payment of any money due from him either alone or jointly with any other person, to the Company in respect of calls.

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

Power to increase or reduce capital:

- 55. The company may, from time to time, by ordinary resolution increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amount, as may be specified in the resolution.
- **56.**(i)Subject to the provisions of section 61, the company may, by ordinary resolution,—
 - (a) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
 - (b) convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into fully paid up shares of any denomination;
 - (c) sub-divide its existing shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum;
 - (d) cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person.
- (ii) Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these Articles, the new shares shall be subject to the same provisions with reference to the payment of calls, lien, transfer, transmission, forfeiture and otherwise as the shares in the original share capital.

Conversion of shares into stock:

- **57.** Where shares are converted into stock,—
 - (a) the holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner as, and subject to the same regulations under which, the shares from which the stock arose might before the conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit:
 - **Provided** that the Board may, from time to time, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, so, however, that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.
 - (b) the holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the company, and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.
 - (c) such of the regulations of the company as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock and the words "share" and "shareholder" in those regulations shall include "stock" and "stock-holder" respectively.

Reduction of capital:

- 58. The Company may, by special resolution, reduce in any manner and with, and subject to, any incident authorised and consent required by law,—
 - (a) its share capital;
 - (b) any capital redemption reserve account; or
 - (c) any share premium account.

Capitalisation of profits:

- **59.** (i) The Company in general meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve—
 - (a) that it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts, or to the credit of the profit and loss account, or otherwise available for distribution; and
 - (b) that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (ii) amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions.
 - (ii) The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied, subject to the provision contained in clause (iii), either in or towards—
 - (A) paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively:
 - (B) paying up in full, unissued shares of the company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid-up, to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid;
 - (C) partly in the way specified in sub-clause (A) and partly in that specified in sub-clause (B);
 - (iii) A securities premium account and a capital redemption reserve account may, for the purposes of this regulation, be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the company as fully paid bonus shares;

The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the company in pursuance of this regulation.

- **60.** (i) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall—
 - (a) make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares or debentures if any; and
 - (b) generally do all acts and things required to give effect thereto.

(ii) The Board shall have power—

- (a) to make such provisions, by the issue of fractional certificates or by paymentin cash or otherwise as it thinks fit, for the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions; and
- (b) to authorise any person to enter, on behalf of all the members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid-up, of any further shares to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation, or as the case may require, for the payment by the Company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of profits resolved to be capitalised, of the amount or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares;

(iii) Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding onsuchmembers.

GENERAL MEETINGS

61.Annual General Meeting:

- a. In accordance with the provisions of the Act, the Company shall in each year hold a General Meeting specified as its Annual General Meeting and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices convening such meetings. Further, not more than 15 (fifteen) months gap shall exist between the date of one Annual General Meeting and the date of the next.
- b. A General Meeting of the Company may be called by giving not less than 21 (twenty one) days clear notice in writing or in electronic mode. However, a General Meeting may be called after giving shorter notice if consent is given in writing or by electronic mode by not less than 95 (ninety five) percent of the Shareholders entitled to vote at that meeting.
- c. With regard to resolutions in respect of which special notice is required to be given by the Act, a special notice shall be given as required by Section 115 of the Act.
- d. When a meeting is adjourned for 30 (thirty) days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Act.
- e. Save as aforesaid, and as provided in Section 103 of the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.
- f. The notice of the General Meeting shall comply with the provisions of Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014.

Extraordinary General Meeting:

- **62.** (i) All general meetings other than annual general meeting shall be called extraordinary general meeting.
- (ii) The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call an extraordinary general meeting.
- (iii)If at any time directors capable of acting who are sufficient in number to form a quorum are not within India, any director or any two members of the company may call an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which such a meeting may be called by the Board.

63.

- (i) Accidental omission to give notice of any General Meeting, whether AGM and / or EGM to any members or any other person entitled thereto, or the non-receipt thereof, shall not invalidate any resolution passed at any such meeting.
- (ii) No General Meeting, Annual or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter into, discuss or transact any business which has not been mentioned in the notice or notices by which it was convened.

Passing resolution by Postal Ballot

(a) Notwithstanding any of the provisions of these Articles, the Company may, and in the case of business as notified under the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, as amended, or other Law required to be passed by postal ballot, the Company shall transact the same by means of a postal ballot (including voting by electronic means), instead of transacting the business in the General Meeting of the Company. Also, the Company may, in respect of any item of business other than ordinary business and any business in respect of which Directors or Auditors have a right to be heard at any meeting, transact the same by way of postal ballot (including voting by electronic means).

Where the Company decides to pass any resolution by resorting to postal ballot, it shall follow the procedures as prescribed under Section 110 of the Act and the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, as amended from time.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETING

Quorum:

- **65.** (i) No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business.
- (ii) Save as otherwise provided herein, the quorum for the general meetings shall be as provided in section 103.

Chairman of General Meeting:

a. The Chairman of the Board shall be entitled to take the Chair at every General Meeting, whether Annual or Extraordinary. If there be no such Chairman of the Board or if at any meeting he shall not be present within fifteen minutes of the time appointed for holding such meeting or if he is unable or unwilling to take the Chair, then the Directors present shall elect one of them as Chairman. If no Director be present or if all the Directors present decline to take the Chair, then the Shareholders present shall elect one of their members to be the Chairman of the meeting. No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting except the election of a Chairman while the Chair is vacant.

- b. The Chairman may, with the consent given in the meeting at which a quorum is present (and if so directed by the meeting) adjourn the General Meeting from time to time and from place to place within the city, town or village in which the Office of the Company is situate but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
- c. In the case of equal votes, the Chairman shall both on a show of hands and at a poll, (if any), have a casting vote in addition to the vote or votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder.

Adjournment of meeting:

- 67. (i) The Chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place.
- (ii) No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
- (iii) When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.
- (iv) Save as aforesaid, and as provided in section 103 of the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

Casting vote:

68. In the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting shall have a casting vote in addition to the vote or votes to which he may be entitled as a member.

Demand for Poll:

69. A poll demandedfor adjournment of the meeting or appointment of Chairman of the meeting shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any question other than adjournment of the meeting or appointment of Chairman shall be taken at such time, not being later than forty-eight hours from the time when the demand was made, as the Chairman of the meeting may direct.

VOTING RIGHTS

Votes:

- **70.** Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of share, on a poll, the voting rights of members shall be in proportion to his share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company.
- 71. A member may exercise his vote at a meeting by electronic means in accordance with section 108 and shall vote only once.

Joint Holders:

- 72. (i) In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders.
- (ii) For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.

Member of unsound mind:

73. A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote either on his own or by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy.

Business may proceed notwithstanding demand for poll:

74. Any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with, pending the taking of the poll.

No member entitled to vote while call due to Company:

75. No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the company have been paid.

Validity of votes:

- **76.** (i) No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes.
- (ii) Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairperson of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

Proxies permitted on polls

77. On a poll, votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A Company may vote in accordance with the provisions of Section 113 of the Act and the rules made thereunder.

PROXY

Proxy to be deposited at the office:

78. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power-of-attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarised copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

Form of Proxy

79. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form as prescribed in the rules made under section 105 of the Act.

Validity of vote by proxy:

80. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid, notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or the revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the shares in respect of which the proxy is given:

Provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the company at its office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Number of Directors:

81. Unless otherwise determined by a General Meeting, the number of Directors shall not be less than 3 (three) and not more than 15 (fifteen).

Chairman of the Board of Directors

82.

- i. Notwithstanding the fact that Managing Director or the Chief Executive Officer of the Company or any other Key Managerial Personnel, may be the Chairman of the Company, who shall act as Chairman of the Meetings of the Board, until he resigns from the said office or the Board determines otherwise.
- ii. Notwithstanding the aforesaid, the members of the Board may elect any one of them as the Chairman of the Board.
- iii. Subject to Article 66, the Chairman shall preside at all meetings of the Board and the General Meetings of the Company. The Chairman shall have a casting vote in the event of a tie.
- iv. If for any reason the Chairman is not present at the meeting or is unwilling to act as Chairman, the members of the Board shall appoint any one of the remaining Directors as the Chairman.

Alternate Director

83. Subject to Section 161 of the Act, the Board shall be entitled to nominate an alternate director to act for him during his absence for a period of not less than 3 (three) months from India. An Alternate Director appointed under this Article shall not hold office for a period longer than that permissible to the Original Director in whose place he has been appointed and shall vacate office if and when the Original Director returns to India. If the term of the office of the Original Director is determined before he so returns to India, any provisions in the Act or in these Articles for automatic reappointment shall apply to the Original Director and not to the Alternate Director.

Casual Vacancy and Additional Director

84. Subject to the applicable provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Board shall have the power at any time and from time to time to appoint any Person to be a Director either as an addition to the Board or to fill a casual vacancy but so that the total number of Directors shall not at any time exceed the maximum number fixed under Article 81. Any Person so appointed as an addition shall hold office only up to the earlier of the date of the next Annual General Meeting or at the last date on which the Annual General Meeting should have been held but shall be eligible for appointment by the Company as a Director at that meeting subject to the applicable provisions of the Act.

NOMINEE DIRECTOR

Appointment

Whenever the Board enters into a contract with any lenders for borrowing any money or for providing any guarantee or security or for technical collaboration or assistance or enter into any other arrangement, the Board shall have, subject to the provisions of Section 152 of the Act the power to agree that such lenders shall have the right to appoint or nominate by a notice in writing addressed to the Company one or more Directors on the Board for such period and upon such conditions as may be mentioned in the common loan agreement/ facility agreement. The nominee director representing lenders shall not be required to hold qualification shares and not be liable to retire by rotation. The Directors may also agree that any such Director, or Directors may be removed from time to time by the lenders entitled to appoint or nominate them and such lenders may appoint another or other or others in his or their place and also fill in any vacancy which may occur as a result of any such Director, or Directors ceasing to hold that office for any reason whatever. The nominee director shall hold office only so long as any monies remain owed by the Company to such lenders.

Rights of Nominee Director

86. The nominee director shall be entitled to all the rights and privileges of other Directors including the sitting fees and expenses as payable to other Directors but, if any other fees, commission, monies or remuneration in any form are payable to the Directors, the fees, commission, monies and remuneration in relation to such nominee director shall accrue to the lenders and the same shall accordingly be paid by the Company directly to the lenders.

Provided that if any such nominee director is an officer of any of the lenders, the sittings fees in relation to such nominee director shall also accrue to the lenders concerned and the same shall accordingly be paid by the Company directly to that lenders.

Any expenditure that may be incurred by the lenders or the nominee director in connection with the appointment or directorship shall be borne by the Company.

The nominee director shall be entitled to receive all notices, agenda, etc. and to attend all general meetings and Board meetings and meetings of any committee(s) of the Board of which he is a member and to receive all notices, agenda and minutes, etc. of the said meeting.

If at any time, the nominee director is not able to attend a meeting of Board or any of its committees, of which he is a member, the lenders may depute an observer to attend the meeting. The expenses incurred by the lenders in this connection shall be borne by the Company.

No Qualification Shares for Directors

87. A Director shall not be required to hold any qualification shares of the Company.

Remuneration of Directors

88. Subject to the applicable provisions of the Act, the Rules, Law including the provisions of the listing agreement, a Managing Director or Managing Directors, and any other Director/s who is/are in the whole time employment of the Company may be paid remuneration either by a way of monthly payment or by way of commission calculated at a specified percentage of the net profits of the Company or a lumpsum amount or partly by one way and partly by the other, subject to the limits prescribed under the Act.

Subject to the applicable provisions of the Act, a Director (other than a Managing Director or an executive Director) may receive a sitting fee not exceeding such sum as may be determined by the Board from time to time for each meeting of the Board or any Committee thereof attended by him.

In addition to the sitting fee for attending meetings of the Board or committees, the non-executive Directors shall also be entitled to receive remuneration in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act and the applicable Rules made thereunder.

Special remuneration for extra services rendered by a Director

89. If any Director be called upon to perform extra services or special exertions or efforts (which expression shall include work done by a Director as a member of any Committee formed by the Directors), the Board may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such extra services or special exertions or efforts either by a fixed sum or otherwise as may be determined by the Board. Such remuneration may either be in addition, to or in substitution for his remuneration otherwise provided, subject to the applicable provisions of the Act.

Travel expenses of Directors

90. The Board shall be entitled to bear, pay and even reimburse to any Director, such sum as the Board may consider fair compensation for travelling, lodging and/ or other expenses, in addition to his fee for attending such Board / Committee meetings or Shareholders Meetings, as above specified; and if any Director be called upon to go or reside out of his ordinary place of his residence on the Company's business, he shall be entitled to be repaid and reimbursed travelling and other expenses incurred in connection with the business of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Continuing Directors

91. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but if, and so long as their number is reduced below the minimum number fixed by Article 81 hereof, the continuing Directors not being less than two may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to that number, or for summoning a General Meeting, but for no other purpose.

One-third of Directors to retire every year

92. At the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in every year, one third of such of the Directors as are liable to retire by rotation for time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three then the number nearest to one third shall retire from office, and they will be eligible for re-election. Provided nevertheless that the managing Director or the Directors appointed as a Debenture Director under Articles hereto shall not retire by rotation under this Article nor shall they be included in calculating the total number of Directors of whom one third shall retire from office under this Article. Provided that, if at any time the number of Directors (including whole-lime Director) as are not subject to retirement by rotation shall exceed one-third of the total number of the Directors for the time being then such of the whole-time Director or two or more of them as the Directors may from time to time determine shall be liable to retirement by rotation to the intent that the number of Directors not liable to retirement by rotation shall not exceed one-third of the total number of Directors at any point of time.

Company may increase or reduce the number of Directors.

93. Subject to these Articles and Section 149 and 152 of the Act, the Company may, by Special Resolution, from time to time, increase or reduce the number of Directors, and the Company may, (subject to the provisions of Section 169 of the Act), remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office and appoint another person in his stead. The person so appointed shall hold office during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

Managing Director(s)/ Whole Time Director(s) / Executive Director(s)/ Manager

94. Subject to the provisions of Section 203 of the Act and the provisions these Articles, the Board shall have the power to appoint Managing Director/ whole time director, executive director or manager of the Company.

Subject to the superintendence, control and direction of the Board, the day-to-day management of the Company shall be in the hands of the Managing Director(s)/ whole time director(s) / executive director(s)/ manager in the manner as deemed fit by the Board and subject to the applicable provisions of the Act, and these Articles, the Board may by resolution vest any such Managing Director(s)/ whole time director(s) / executive director(s)/ manager with such of the powers hereby vested in the Board generally as it thinks fit and such powers may be made exercisable for such period or periods and upon such conditions and subject to the applicable provisions of the Act, and these Articles confer such power either collaterally with or to the exclusion of or in substitution for all or any of the Directors in that behalf and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

The Board / members shall be empowered to fix the remuneration of a Managing Director/ whole time director or executive director or manager by way of fixed salary and/or perquisites or commission calculated at a specified percentage of the net profits of the Company or a lumpsum amount, or by any or all these modes or any other mode not expressly prohibited by the Act in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act read with Schedule V thereto.

Notwithstanding anything contained herein, a Managing Director(s) / whole time director(s) / executive director(s) / manager shall subject to the provisions of any contract between him and the Company be subject to the same provisions as to resignation and removal as the other Directors of the Company, and if he ceases to hold the office of a Director he shall ipso facto and immediately cease to be a Managing Director(s) / whole time director(s) / executive director(s) / manager.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Board Meetings:

95.

- (a) At least 4 (four) Board Meetings shall be held in any calendar year and there should not be a gap of more than 120 (one hundred twenty) days between two consecutive Board Meetings.
- (b) The participation of Directors in a meeting of the Board may be either in person or through video conferencing or other audio visual means, as may be prescribed, which are capable of recording and recognising the participation of the Directors and of recording and storing the proceedings of such meetings along with date and time. However, such matters as provided under the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 shall not be dealt with in a meeting through video conferencing or other audio visual means. Any meeting of the Board held through video conferencing or other audio visual means shall only be held in accordance with the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014.

Venue of Board Meeting:

96. The Board may meet either at the Office of the Company, or at any other location in India or outside India as the Chairman may determine.

Notice of Board Meeting

97. The Company Secretary or such other person so authorised shall, as and when directed by the Chairman convene a meeting of the Board by giving a notice in writing to every Director in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014.

At least 7 (seven) days' notice of every meeting of the Board shall be given in writing to every Director for the time being at his address registered with the Company and such notice shall be sent by hand delivery or by post or by electronic means. A meeting of the Board may be convened in accordance with these Articles by a shorter notice in case of any emergency as directed by the Chairman or the Managing Director or the Executive Director, as the case may be, subject to the presence of 1 (one) Independent Director in the said meeting. If an Independent Director is not present in the said meeting, then decisions taken at the said meeting shall be circulated to all the Directors and shall be final only upon ratification by one independent Director. Such notice or shorter notice may be sent by post or by fax or e-mail depending upon the circumstances.

Quorum for Board Meetings 98.

Subject to the provisions of Section 174 of the Act, the quorum for each Board Meeting shall be one-third of its total strength and the presence of Directors by video conferencing or by other audio visual means shall also be counted for the purposes of calculating quorum.

If any duly convened Board Meeting cannot be held for want of a quorum, then such a meeting shall automatically stand adjourned for 7 (seven) days after the original meeting at the same time and place, or if that day is a national holiday, on the succeeding day which is not a public holiday to the same time and place. Provided however, the adjourned meeting may be held on such other date and such other place as may be unanimously agreed to by all the Directors in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

If in the event of a quorum once again not being available at such an adjourned meeting, the Directors present shall constitute the quorum and may transact business for which the meeting has been called.

Questions at the Board Meetings how decided 99.

- (a) Questions arising at any meeting of the Board, other than as specified in these Articles and the Act, if any, shall be decided by a majority vote. Each Director may exercise 1 (one) vote. The adoption of any resolution of the Board shall require the affirmative vote of a majority of the Directors present at a duly constituted Board Meeting. In the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.
- (b) No regulation made by the Company in General Meeting, shall invalidate any prior act of the Board, which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made.

Powers of the Board 100.

- (a) The Board shall be entitled to exercise all such powers and to do all such acts and things as the Company is authorised to exercise and do under the applicable provisions of the Act, subject to the provisions of Section 179 and 180 of the Act and the applicable Rules made thereunder, or by the memorandum and articles of association of the Company.
- (b) The Board is vested with the entire management and control of the Company, including as regards any and all decisions and resolutions to be passed, for and on behalf of the Company.
- (c) All powers and duties vested in the Managing/Whole-Time Director(s) for the time being in accordance with the provisions of these present or by a resolution of the Board of Directors may subject to any directions to the contrary by the Board, be exercised by any one of them.

Power to Borrow:

101. The Board of Directors may from time to time but subject to the provisions of Section 179 and 180 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made thereunder raise any money or monies or sums of money for the purpose of the Company as they deem fit by the issue of debentures, promissory notes or by opening current accounts, or by receiving deposits and advances with or without security, or by issue of bonds and in security of any such money so borrowed, raised or received, to mortgage, pledge or charge, the whole or any part of the undertaking property, rights, assets, or revenue of the Company, present or future, including its uncalled capital by special assignment or otherwise or to transfer or convey the same absolutely or in trust and give the lenders powers of sale and other powers as may be expedient and to purchase, redeem or pay off any such securities.

Provided that the Directors may by resolution at a meeting of the Board delegate the power to borrow money otherwise than on debentures to a Committee of Directors or the Managing Director or Whole-Time Director or Manager subject to the limits upto which the money may be so borrowed as may be specified in the said resolution.

Committees and delegation by the Board 102.

- (a) The Board may in accordance with the provisions of the Act or any other Law and the provisions of the listing agreement, form such committees comprising such members (whether forming part of Board or not) as may be required and deemed necessary.
- (b) Without prejudice to the powers conferred by the other Articles and so as not to in any way to limit or restrict those powers, the Board may, subject to the provisions of Section 179 of the Act, delegate any of its powers to the Managing Director(s), the executive director(s) or manager or the chief executive officer of the Company. The Managing Director(s), the executive director(s) or the manager or the chief executive officer(s) as aforesaid shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed on them by the Board and all acts done by them in exercise of the powers so delegated and in conformity with such regulations shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.
- (c) Subject to the applicable provisions of the Act, the requirements of Law and these Articles, the Board may delegate any of its powers to the Committees as it thinks fit, and it may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee either wholly or in part and either as to persons or purposes. Every Committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed on it by the Board. All acts done by any such Committee in conformity with such regulations and in fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.
- (d) All acts undertaken at any meeting of the Board or of a Committee, or by any person acting as a Director shall, notwithstanding that it may afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of such Director or persons acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified or had vacated office or that the appointment of any of them had been terminated by virtue of any provisions contained in the Act or in these Articles, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed, and was qualified to be a Director. Provided that nothing in this Article shall be deemed to give validity to the acts undertaken by a Director after his appointment has been shown to the Company to be invalid or to have been terminated.

Passing of resolution by circulation

103. No resolution shall be deemed to have been duly passed by the Board or by a Committee thereof by circulation, unless the resolution has been circulated in draft form, together with the necessary papers, if any, to all the Directors, or members of the Committee, as the case may be, at their addresses registered with the Company in India by hand delivery or by post or by courier, or through such electronic means as may be provided under the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and has been approved by majority of Directors or members, who are entitled to vote on the resolution. However, in case one-third of the total number of Directors for the time being require that any resolution under circulation must be decided at a meeting, the chairperson shall put the resolution to be decided at a meeting of the Board.

A resolution mentioned above shall be noted at a subsequent meeting of the Board or the Committee thereof, as the case may be, and made part of the minutes of such meeting.

Minutes of the proceedings of the Board Meetings

104.

- a) The Company shall prepare minutes of each Board Meeting and the entries thereof in books kept for that purpose with their pages consecutively numbered. Such minutes shall contain a fair and correct summary of the proceedings conducted at the Board Meeting.
- b) Each page of every such book shall be initialled or signed and the last page of the record of proceedings of each meeting in such book shall be dated and signed by the Chairman of the said meeting or the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting.
- c) The minutes of each meeting shall contain a fair and correct summary of the proceedings thereat and shall also contain:
 - i. all appointments of Officers;
 - ii. the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Board;
 - iii. all resolutions and proceedings of the meetings of the Board;
 - iv. the names of the Directors, if any, dissenting from, or not concurring in, any resolution passed by the Board.
- d) Nothing contained in sub Articles (a) to (c) above shall be deemed to require the inclusion in any such minutes of any matter which in the opinion of the Chairman of the meeting:
 - i. is or could reasonably be regarded as defamatory of any person;
 - ii. is irrelevant or immaterial to the proceedings; or
 - iii. is detrimental to the interests of the Company.
- e) The Chairman shall exercise absolute discretion in regard to the inclusion or non-inclusion of any matter in the minutes on the ground specified in sub Article (d) above.
- f) Minutes of meetings kept in accordance with the aforesaid provisions shall be evidence of the proceedings recorded therein.

Power to remove directors by ordinary resolution:

105. Subject to provisions of Section 169 of the Act, the Company mayby an ordinary resolution remove any Director before the expiry of his period of office and may by an ordinary resolution appoint another person in his place. A Director so appointed shall hold office upto the date which his predecessor would have held office if he had not been removed.

Acts done by meeting valid notwithstanding defective appointment:

106. All acts done in any meeting of the Board or of a committee thereof or by any person acting as a director, shall, notwithstanding that it may be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any one or more of such directors or of any person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such director or such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a director.

Attorney of the Company:

107. Subject to the provisions of Section 179 of the Act and the rules made thereunder, the Directors may by majorityappoint at any time and from time to time by a power ofattorney under the Company's seal, any person to be the Attorney of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors underthese Articles) and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Board may from time to time think fit and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection or convenience of persons dealing with such attorney as the Board may think fit.

Power to authorise sub-delegation:

108. The Directors may by majority, authorise any such delegate or attorney as aforesaid to sub-delegate all or any of the powers and authorities for the time being vested in them.

Charge on uncalled capital

109. If any uncalled capital of the Company is included in or charged by any mortgage or other security the Board may, by instrument under the Company's seal, authorize the person in whose favour such mortgage or security is executed or any other person in trust for him, to make calls on the members in respect of such uncalled capital, and the provisions herein before contained in regard to calls, shall mutatis mutandis apply to calls and the power to make such calls may be made exercisable either conditionally or unconditionally and either presently or contingently and either to the exclusion of the Board's power or otherwise and shall be assignable if expressed so to be.

Subsequent assignees of uncalled capital:

110. Where any uncalled capital of the Company is charged, all persons taking any subsequent charge thereon shall take the same subject to such prior charge, and shall not be entitled, by notice to the shareholder or otherwise, to obtain priority over such prior charge.

Charges in favour of Director for indemnity:

111. If the Directors or any of them or any other person shall become personally liable for the payment of any sum primarily due from the Company, the Board may execute or cause to be executed any mortgage, charge or security over or affecting the whole or any of the assets of the Company by way of indemnity to secure the Directors or other person so becoming liable as aforesaid from any loss in respect of such liability.

Expenses to be charged to the Company:

112. The Managing/Whole-Time Director(s) shall be entitled to charge and be paid for all actual expenses, if any, which they may incur for or in connection with the business of the Company. They shall be entitled to appoint part-time employees in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and shall be entitled to be paid by the Company for any remuneration that they may pay to such part-time employees.

Powers of Managing/Whole-Time Directors:

- 113. The Managing/Whole-time Director shall, subject to the supervision and control of the Board of Directors have power to do all such acts and things which are usually necessary or desirable in the management of the affairs of the Company. Without prejudice to the generality of the powers conferred hereby, he shall have interalia, the following broad powers subject to the supervision and control of the Board of Directors:
 - a. To pay the costs, charges and expenses, preliminary and incidental to the promotion, formation, establishment and registration of the Company and fees and stamps paid in respect thereof and the costs of advertising, printing, stationery, brokerage, legal charges, furniture and fittings of office and such other costs.
 - b. To sell for cash or on credit and either wholesale or in retail and for ready or future delivery and realize the proceeds of sale of property, movable or immovable or any rights or privileges belonging to the Company or in which the Company is interested or over which the Company may have any such power of disposal and to exchange any such property or right belonging to the Company for other property or rights.
 - c. To determine from time to time who shall be entitled to sign on the Company's dividend warrants, cheques, promissory notes, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, releases, contracts and to give the necessary authority for such purposes.
 - d. To execute all deeds, agreements, contracts, receipts and other documents that may be necessary or expedient for the purposes of the Company and to make and give receipts, releases and other discharges for moneys or goods of property received in the usual course of business of the Company or lent or payable to or belonging to the Company and for the claims and demands of the Company.
 - e. To institute, conduct, defend, compound or abandon any actions, suits and legal proceedings by or against the Company or its offences, or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company and also to compound or compromise or submit to arbitration the same actions, suits and legal proceedings.
 - f. To enter into, vary or cancel all or nay of the contracts entered into by or on behalf of the Company.
 - g. To engage and in their discretion to remove, suspend, dismiss and remunerate bankers, legal advisors, accountants, managers, cashiers, clerks, agents, commission agents, dealers, brokers, foremen, servants, employees of every description and to employ and remunerate such professional or technical or skilled assistants as from time to time may in their opinion be necessary or advisable in the interests of the Company and upon such terms as to duration of employment, remuneration or otherwise and may require security in such instances and to such amounts as the Managing/Whole-time Director shall think fit.

- h. To acquire, purchase, lease, exchange, pledge, hypothecation or otherwise transfer, lands, estates, fields, buildings, office show-rooms, go downs and other buildings, machinery, engine, plant, rolling stock, tools, machine tools, outfits, stores, hardware and any other materials or whatever description either on credit or for cash and for present or future delivery.
- i. To plant, develop, improve, cut down, process, sell or otherwise, dispose of the products of the Company and to incur all expenses in this behalf.
- j. To erect, maintain, repair, equip, alter and extend buildings and machinery in any place.
- k. To enter into all negotiations and contracts and rescind and vary all such contracts and execute and do all such acts, deeds and things in the name and on behalf of the Company as they may consider expedient for or in relation to any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise for the purposes of the Company.
- 1. To pay all moneys due by the Company and look after the finance of the Company.
- m. To open current and time-deposit account or other accounts with banker or bankers at their choice and to operate on such accounts and also when necessary to overdraw or take loans on such accounts on the security of the Company or of any of its assets.
- n. To draw, accept, endorse, discount, negotiate and discharge on behalf of the Company all bills or exchange, promissory notes, cheques, hundies, drafts, railway receipts, dock warrants, delivery orders, Government promissory notes, other Government instruments, bonds, debentures or debenture-stocks of Corporation, local bodies, port trust, improvement trusts or other corporate bodies and to execute transfer deeds for transferring stocks, shares or stock certificates of the Government and other local or corporate bodies in connection with any business or any subject of the Company.
- o. Subject to Article 94 to borrow from time to time such sums of money for the purposes of the Company upon such terms as may be expedient and with or without security.
- p. To receive or give effectual receipts and discharge on behalf of and against the Company for moneys, funds, goods or property lent, payable or belonging to the Company or for advances against the goods of the Company.
- q. To make or receive advance of money, goods, machinery, plant and other things by way of sale, mortgage, hypothecation, lien, pledge, deposit or otherwise in such manner and on such terms as the Managing/Whole-time Director may deem fit.
- r. To submit to arbitration and enforce the fulfillment of awards regarding any claims in which the Company may be interested, to adjust, settle or compromise any claims due to or by the Company and to give to debtors of the Company time for payment.
- s. To institute, appear in or defend any legal proceeding in the name of and on behalf of the Company, to sign any pleading and other documents, to engage and to instruct any Advocate, Solicitors and Lawyers and to execute any vakalat or other authority in their favour and to compound and compromise any claim, suit or proceedings.

- t. To make all manner of insurances.
 - To delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions for the time being vested in the Managing/Whole-time Director and also from time to time provide by the appointment of an attorney or attorneys to sign seal, execute, deliver, register or cause to be registered all instruments, deeds, documents or writings, usually necessary or expedient for any of the purposes of the Company and not requiring the common seal of the Company, provided that the Directors may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of the above powers, provided that the Managing/Whole-time Director shall not exercise the power to:
 - i. make calls on shareholders in respect of moneys unpaid on the shares of the Company.
 - ii. issue debentures, borrow moneys or make loans except within the limits as may be fixed by the Directors at a Board meeting.

THE SEAL

Common Seal:

114. The Directors shall provide a seal of the Company and shall have power from time to time to destroy the same and substitute a new seal inlieu thereof. The seal shall be kept at the Registered Office of the Company and committed to the custody of the Managing Director or any other Director or the Secretary or such other person as the Board may determine from time to time.

Deeds how executed:

115. The seal of the company shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of a resolution of the Board or of a committee of the Board authorised by it in that behalf, and except in the presence of at least one director and of the company secretary or such other person as the Board may appoint for the purpose; and such director and the company secretary or other person aforesaid shall sign every instrument to which the seal of the company is so affixed in their presence.

Provided nevertheless that any instrument bearing the seal of the Company shall be binding on the Company notwithstanding any irregularity relating the authority to issue the same; provided further also that the counter signature of the Company Secretary or the authorized person shall not be necessary in the case of instruments executed in favour of a Managing/Whole-Time Director which shall be sealed in the presence of any other Director and signed by him on behalf of the Company.

DIVIDENDS AND RESERVE

Application of Profit:

116. The profit of the Company, subject to any special rights relating thereto created or authorised to be created by these present, and subject to the provisions of these present as to the Reserve Fund, shall be divisible among the members in proportion to the amount of capital paid-up on the shares held by them respectively.

Declaration of Dividend:

117. The Company in general meeting may declare dividends, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.

Interim Dividend:

118. Subject to the provisions of section 123 of the Act, the Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to it to be justified by the profits of the Company.

Dividend to be paid out of profits only:

119. No dividend shall be payable except out of the profits of the year or any other undistributed profits except as provided by Section 123 of the Act.

Transfer of share not to pass prior dividend:

120. Any transfer of shares shall not pass any right to dividend declared thereon before the registration of transfer.

Reserve Funds:

- 121. (i) The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the Company may be properly applied, including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalising dividends; and pending such application, may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the company) as the Board may, from time to time, thinks fit.
- (ii) The Board may also carry forward any profits which it may consider necessary not to divide, without setting them aside as a reserve.

Method of payment of Dividend:

- 122.(i) Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but if and so long as nothing is paid upon any of the shares in the company, dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares.
- (ii) No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of these regulations as paid on the share.

(iii) All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.

Deduction of arrears:

123. The Board may deduct from any dividend payable to any member all sums of money, if any, presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the Company.

Adjustment of dividend against calls:

124. Any general meeting declaring a dividend or bonus may make a call on the members of such amount as the meeting fixes, but the call on each member shall not exceed the dividend or bonus payable to him and that the call be made payable at the same time as the dividend or bonus is payable/credited and be set off against the call.

Bonus or Dividend in specie:

- 125. (i) Any general meeting declaring dividend or bonus may direct payment of such dividend or bonus wholly or partly by the distribution of specific assets and the Board shall give effect to the resolution of the meeting.
- (ii) Where any difficulty arises in regard to such distribution, the Board may settle the same as they think fit and expedient and in particular may issue fractional certificates and fix the value of distribution so that cash payment shall be made to any member upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may vest any such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the Board.

Payment by cheque or warrant:

- 126. (i) Any dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque /warrant/ electronic mode sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named in the Register of Members or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct.
- (ii) Every such cheque /warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.
- (iii) Every such cheque or warrant shall be posted within such time as may be prescribed by the Act and the rules made thereunder from the date of declaration of the dividend.

Receipt of joint holders:

- 127. Any one of two or more joint holders of a share may give effective receipts for any dividend, bonuses, or other monies payable in respect of such share.
- 128. Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to the persons entitled to share therein in the manner mentioned in the Act.

Dividend not to bear interest:

129. No dividend shall bear interest against the Company.

Unclaimed dividend

130. No unclaimed dividend shall be forfeited by the Board and the Company shall comply with provisions of the Act in connection with transfer of unpaid/unclaimed dividend.

Transfer of share not to pass prior dividend:

131. Any transfer of shares shall not pass any right to dividend declared thereon before the registration of transfer.

ACCOUNTS

Accounts to be kept:

- 132.(i)The Directors shall cause proper books of accounts to be kept in respect of (a) all sums of money received and expended by the Company and the matters in respect of which such receipts and expenditure take place; (b) all sales and purchases of goods and services by the Company; and (c) the assets and liabilities of the Company.
- (ii) If the company has a branch office whether in India or outside India, proper books of accounts relating to the transactions effected at that office shall be kept at that office, and proper summarized returns periodically shall be sent by the branch office to the Company at its registered office or other place in India, as the Board may think fit, where the main books of the Company are kept.
- (iii) The books of account shall be kept at the Registered Office or at such other place in India as the Board thinks fit and shall be open to inspection by any Director during business hours.
- (iv) All the aforesaid books shall give a fair and true view of the affairs of the Company or of its branch as the case may be, with respect to the matters aforesaid, and explain its transactions.

Inspection by members:

133. The Board shall, from time to time, determine whether and to what extent and at what time and under what conditions and regulations the accounts and books and documents of the Company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of the members and no member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspection of any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Board or by the Company in General Meeting.

Statement of accounts to be furnished in General Meeting:

134. The Board shall lay before each Annual General Meeting, financial statements made up as at the end of the financial year which shall be a date that shall not precede the day of the meeting by more than six months or such extended period as shall have been granted by the Registrar of Companies under the provisions of the Act.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 135. Subject to the provisions of Section 129 of the Act, the financial statements of the Company shall be in the forms set out in Parts I and II respectively of Schedule III of the Act, or as near thereto as circumstances admit.
- 136. The financial statements including Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company shall be signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with the provisions of the Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 137. The financial statements shall be approved by the Board before they are signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with the provisions of the Act and before they are submitted to the Auditors for their report thereon.

Board's report to be attached to financial statements:

- 138 (i) The financial statements laid before the Company in General Meeting shall have attached to it a report by the Board including the matters specified under section 134 of the Act.
- (ii) The Board's report and any annexures thereto shall be signed by the Chairman of the Company if he is authorised in that behalf by the Board; and where he is not authorised, shall be signed by atleast two directors, one of whom shall be a Managing Director in accordance with the provisions of section 134 of the Act.
- (iii) The Board shall have the right to charge any person not being a Director with the duty of seeing that the provisions of this Article are complied with.

AUDIT

Accounts to be audited:

139. The financial statements shall be audited by one or more Auditors to be appointed as hereinafter mentioned.

Appointment of Auditors:

140. The appointment of Auditors shall be in accordance with the provisions of Section 139 of the Act read with the rules made thereunder.

Remuneration of Auditors:

- 141. The remuneration of the Auditors shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting or in such manner as may be determined therein.
- 142. Every account of the Company when audited and approved by a General Meeting shall be conclusive. However, the said audited financial statements may be re-opened in compliance with the provisions of section 130 of the Act.

SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS AND NOTICES

143. A document may be served on a Company or an officer thereof by sending it to the Company or officer at the Registered Office of the Company by registered post or by speed post or by courier service or by leaving it at its Registered Office or by means of such electronic or other mode as prescribed under section 20 of the Act and the rules made thereunder.

Provided that where securities are held with a depository, the records of the beneficial ownership may be served by such depository on the company by means of electronic or other mode.

144. (i) Save as provided in the Act or the rules made thereunder for filing of documents with the Registrar in electronic mode, a document may be served on Registrar or any member by sending it to him by post or by registered post or by speed post or by courier or by delivering at his office or address, or by such electronic or other mode as may be prescribed:

Provided that a member may request for delivery of any document through a particular mode, for which he shall pay such fees as may be determined by the company in its annual general meeting.

(ii) Where a document is sent by post, such service shall be deemed to be effected - (i) in the case of a notice of a meeting, at the expiration of forty eight hours after the letter containing the same is posted; and (ii) in any other case, at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

Members to notify address in India:

145. Each registered holder of share(s) shall, from time to time, notify in writing to the Company some place in India to be registered as his address and such registered place of address shall for all purposes be deemed to be his place of residence.

Persons entitled to notice of General Meeting:

- 146. Subject to the provisions of the Act, notice of General Meeting shall be given to;
 - (a) every member of the Company, legal representative of any deceased member or the assignee of an insolvent member;
 - (b) the auditor or auditors of the company; and
 - (c) every director of the Company.

Any accidental omission to give notice to, or the non-receipt of such notice by, any member or other person who is entitled to such notice for any meeting shall not invalidate the proceedings of the meeting.

- 147. Every person, who by the operation of law, transfer, or by other means whatsoever, shall become entitled to any share, shall have the rightto every document in respect of such share which, previously to his name and address being entered on the registrar, shall have been duly served on or sent to the person from whom he derives his title to such shares.
- 148. Any notice to be given by the Company shall be signed by the Managing Director or by such Director or officer as the Board may appoint. The Signature to any notice to be given by the Company may be written or printed or lithographed or even may not bear any signature in case of electronic / computer generated communication.

Secrecy Clause

149. Every Director, Managing Director, Whole-Time Director, Manager, Secretary, Auditor, Trustee, Member of the Committee, Officer, Servant, Agent, Accountant, or other person employed in the business of the Company shall if so required by the Board before entering upon his duties, or at any time during his term of the office, sign a declaration pledging himself to observe strict secrecy respecting all transactions of the Company and the state of accounts and in matters relating thereto, and shall buy such declaration pledge himself not to reveal any of the matters which may come to his knowledge in the discharge of duties except when required so to do by the Board of Director or by any general meeting or by a court of law or by the persons to whom such matters relate and except so far as may be necessary in order to comply with any of the provisions contained in these articles.

No member to enter the premises of the Company without permission:

150. No member or other person (not being a Director) shall be entitled to enter upon the property of the Company or to inspect or examine the premises or properties of the Company without the permission of the Board or, to require discovering of or any information respecting any detail of the trading of the Company or any matter which is or may be in the nature of the trade secret, mystery of trade or secret process or of any matter whatsoever which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and which in the opinion of the Board it will be inexpedient in the interest of the Company to communicate.

Indemnity

151. Every officer of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in which relief is granted to him by the court or the Tribunal.

Director's etc., not liable for certain acts

Employee of the company shall be liable for the acts, defaults, receipts and neglects of any other Director, Manager, Officer or employee or for joining in any receipts or other acts for the sake of conformity or for any loss or expenses happening to the company through the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the monies of the company shall be invested or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency or tortuous act of any person with whom any monies, securities or effects shall be deposited or for any loss occasioned by an error of judgement or oversight on his part, or for any other loss, damage or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution thereof unless the same shall happen through negligence, default, misfeasance, breach of duty or breach of trust. Without prejudice to the generality foregoing it is hereby expressly declared that any filing fee payable or any document required to be filed with the registrar of the companies in respect of any act done or required to be done by any Director or other officer by reason of his holding the said office shall be paid and borne by the company.

Legal Proceedings

153.(i) Without derogation of powers vested in the Board of Directors or in the Managing / Whole-Time Director by virtue of any law or the Act or the Articles of the Company, the Managing Director/Whole-Time Director shall be empowered to institute, conduct, defend, compound or abandon any actions suits and legal proceedings, both civil and criminal on behalf of the Company and also compromise or submit the same for arbitration.

Further, any Director authorised by the Board shall be empowered to institute, conduct, defend, compound or abandon any actions suits and legal proceedings, both civil and criminal on behalf of the Company and also compromise or submit the same for arbitration.

(ii) The aforesaid persons may delegate the powers vested above to any other person.

Winding Up

154. If the Company shall be wound up and the assets available for distribution amongst members as such shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid-up capital or capital deemed to be paid-up, such assets shall be distributed so that as nearly as may be the losses shall be borne by the members in proportion to the capital paid up or deemed to be paid-up at the commencement of the winding up, on the shares held by them respectively; and if in a winding up the assets available for distribution amongst the members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the capital paid up at the commencement of the winding up, the excess shall be distributed amongst the members in proportion to the capital paid up or deemed to be paid up at the commencement of the winding up on the shares held by them respectively. Where capital is paid up on any shares in advance of calls upon the footing that the same shall carry interest, such capital shall be excluded and shall be repayable in full before any distribution is made on the paid up capital or capital deemed to be paid up together with interest at the rate agreed upon. The provisions of this article shall be subject to any special rights or liabilities attached to any special class of shares forming part of the capital of the Company.

Division of assets of the company in specie among members:

155. The liquidators may with the sanction of a special resolution divide amongst the members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company (whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not) and may, with the like sanction, vest any part of the assets of the Company in Trustees upon such Trusts for the benefit of the members or any of them as the liquidators, with the like sanction, shall think fit.

Sl.	Signature Name, Address,	Name, address,
No.	description and occupation of subscribers	description, occupation and signature of witness
CH. SURESH MOHAN REDDY		
S/O. CH,SAMBI REDDY		
204, Datta sai Aprts, Vijayanagar Colony,		
Kukatpally, Hyderabad-500 072		
DOB:10-08-1967		
OCCU : Business		
2	Sd/-	
	K.RAJA SEKHAR REDDY	
	S/O.SIVA REDDY	
	Plot No.150, Janapriya west city,	
	Miyapur, Hyderabad-500 049	
	DOB:10-08-1968.	
	OCCU : Business	
3	Sd/-	Flat No.104, KP Apartments Chikkadpally Hyderabad – 500 020
	N.SUKRUTA KUMAR	
	S/O.N.V. RAO	
	20-3/12, Swaroopnagar, Uppal, RR Dist	
	Hyderabad-500 039	
	DOB:8-5-1948	
	OCCU: Business	
4	Sd/-	
	CH. SRIDEVI	
	W/O. CH. SURESH MOHAN REDDY	
	204, Datta sai Aprts, Vijayanagar Colony,	
	Kukatpally, Hyderabad-500 072	
	DOB:03-06-1974	
	OCCU: House wife	

Date: 08-08-2005

Place: Hyderabad